

# Simulations of back-scatter regions beyond 1 AU

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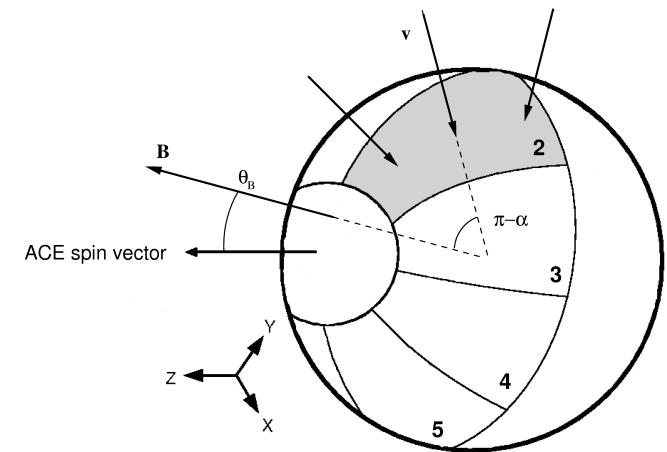
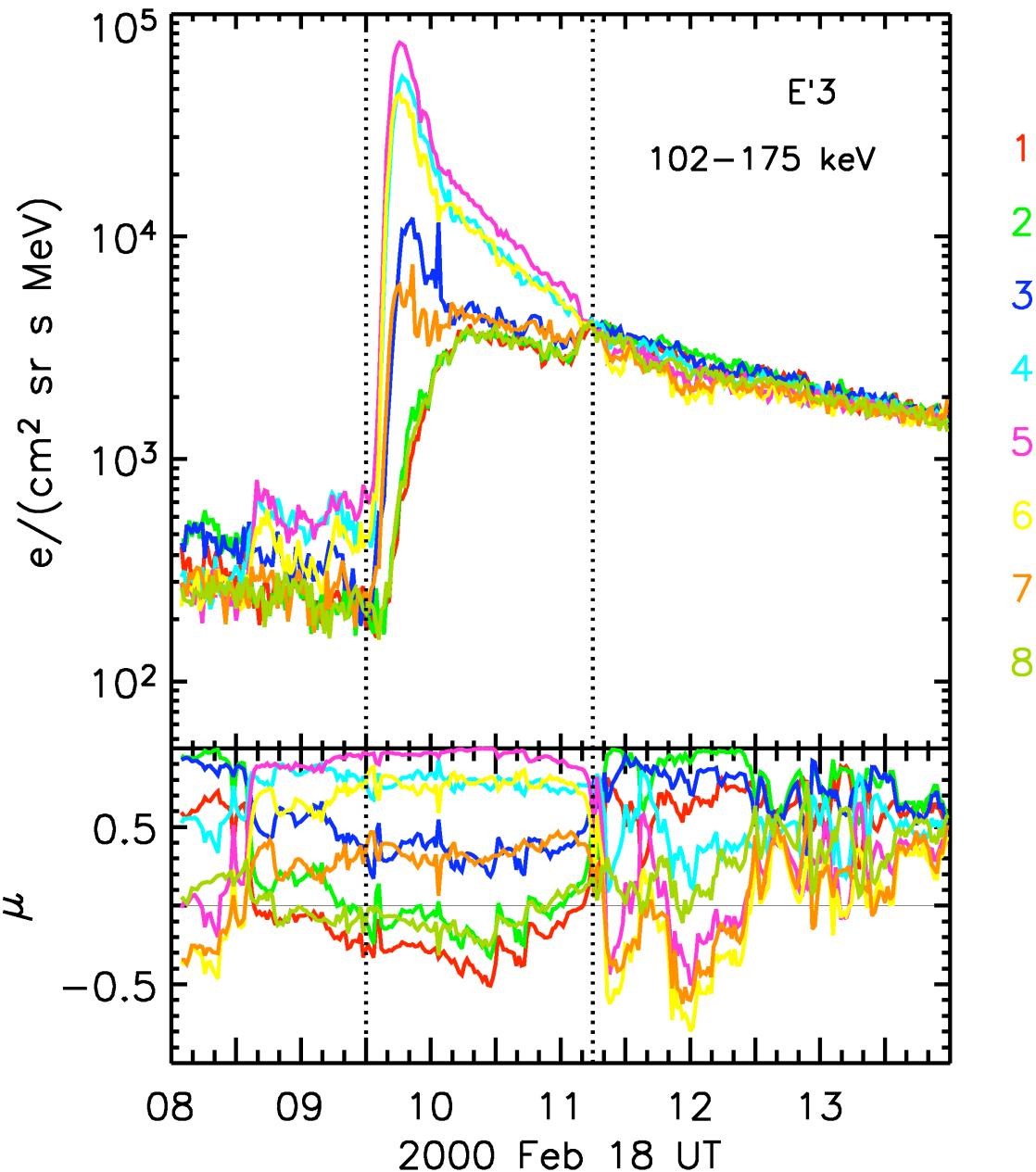
ACE/SOHO/STEREO/WIND joint meeting

**Reference:** Agueda N., Vainio R., Lario D. & Sanahuja B., 12<sup>th</sup>  
Solar Wind. AIP Conference Proceedings, 2010.

# Back-scatter regions beyond 1 AU

- Previous studies have provided evidence of the presence of discrete solar wind-IMF structures beyond 1 AU, which are able to reflect SEPs back to the inner heliosphere.  
(e.g. Anderson et al. 1995, Roelof et al. 1992, Bieber et al. 2002, Tan et al. 2009)
- The evolving global configuration of the heliosphere, as it is disturbed by the transit of ICMEs, can shape the characteristics of the SEP events observed at 1 AU.

# 2000 Feb 18 NR electron event



- Onset at 09:32 UT in the E'4 (175-312 keV) channel.
- Highly anisotropic PADs at the onset (Haggerty & Roelof 2002, Simnett et al. 2002).
- Stable IMF
- $\langle \mu_{-CO} \rangle = 82\%$

# Simulation of the event

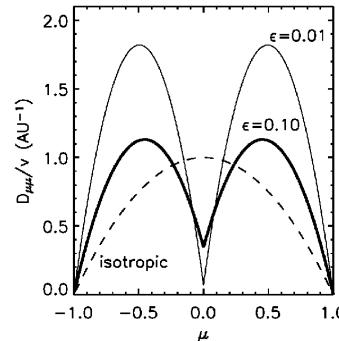
- Monte Carlo IP transport model

(e.g. Kocharov et al. 1998, Vainio et al. 2000, Agueda et al. 2009)

- particle streaming along the magnetic field lines
- pitch-angle focusing by the diverging IMF
- pitch-angle scattering by magnetic fluctuations

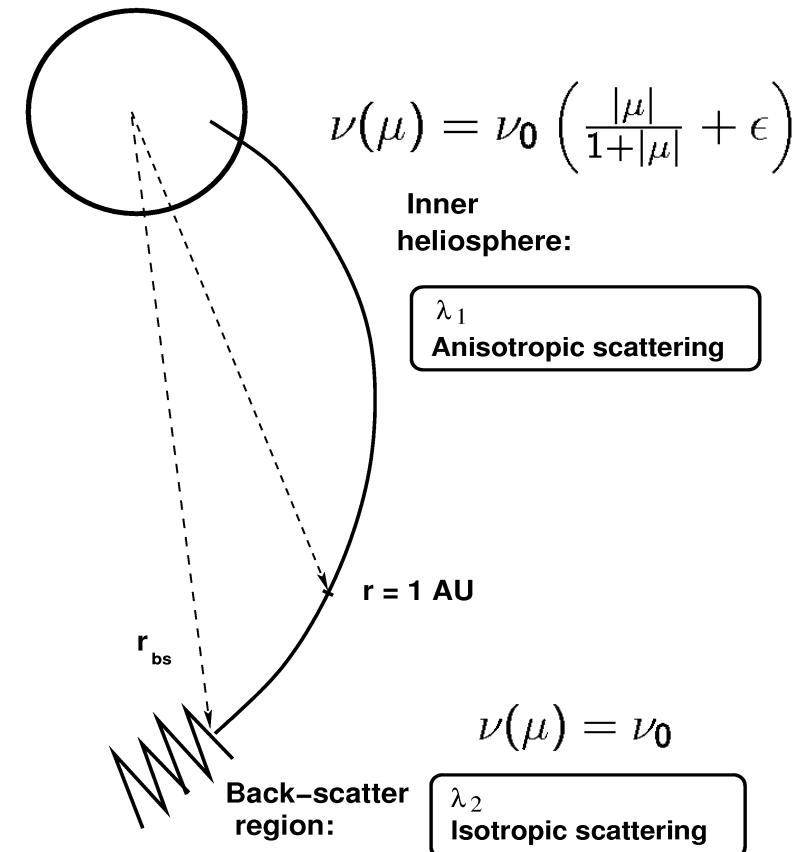
$$D_{\mu\mu} = \frac{\nu(\mu)}{2}(1 - \mu^2)$$

- adiabatic deceleration



- Assumptions:

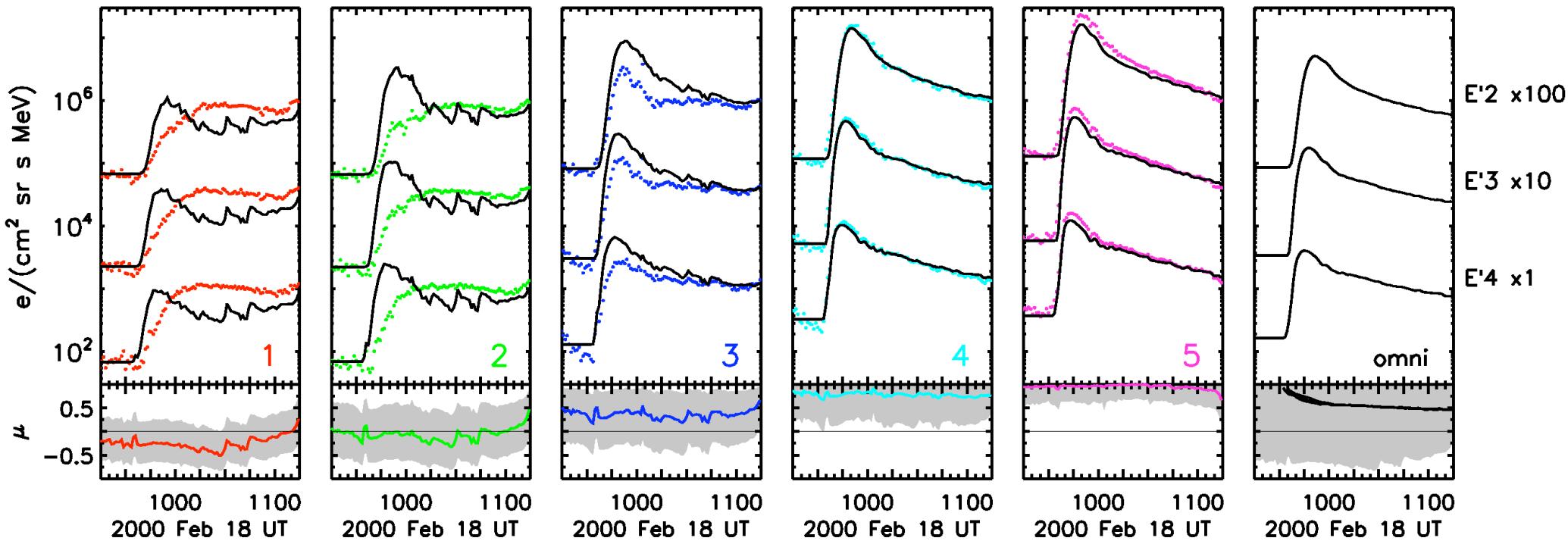
- Parker spiral  $u=380 \text{ km s}^{-1}$  (W63)
- Source at  $2R_\odot$
- Instantaneous injection (Green's functions)



Scenario	$\lambda_1$ (AU)	$r_{bs}$ (AU)	$\lambda_2$ (AU)
A	[0.5, 1.5]	$\infty$	—
B	$\infty$	[1.1, 1.6]	[0.01, 0.5]
C	[2.2, 4.2]	[1.1, 1.6]	[0.01, 0.5]

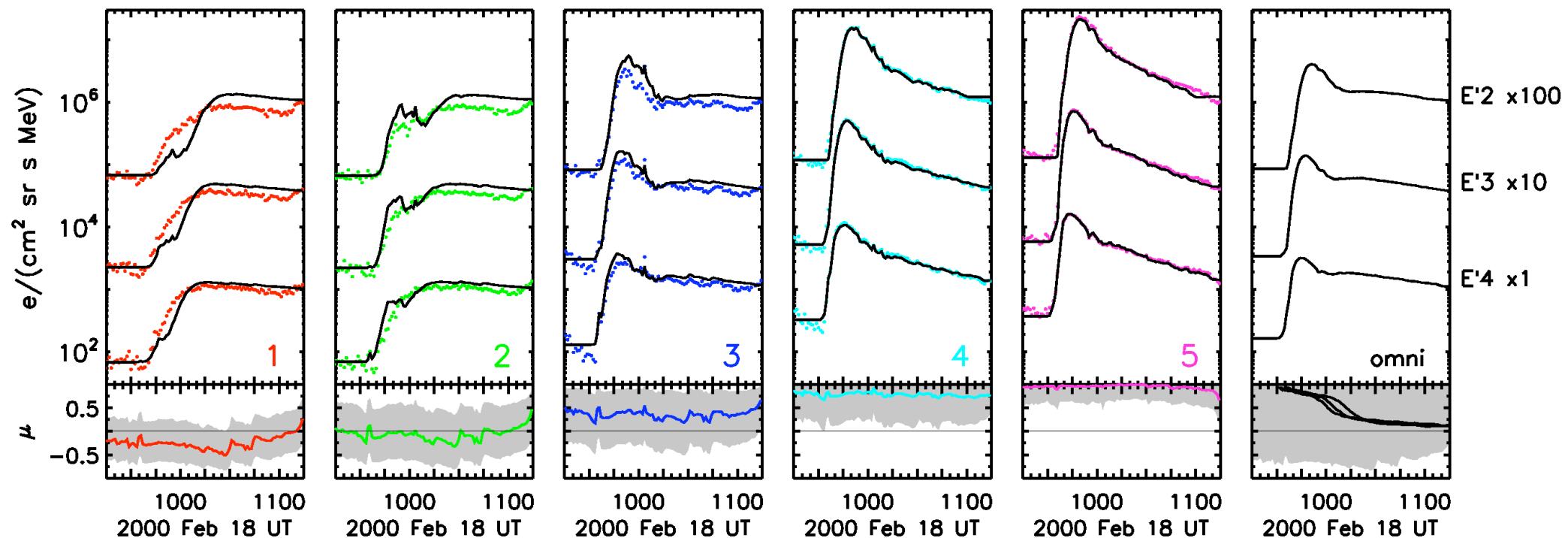
# Scenario A

$r_{\text{bs}} = \infty$  (no back-scatter region)



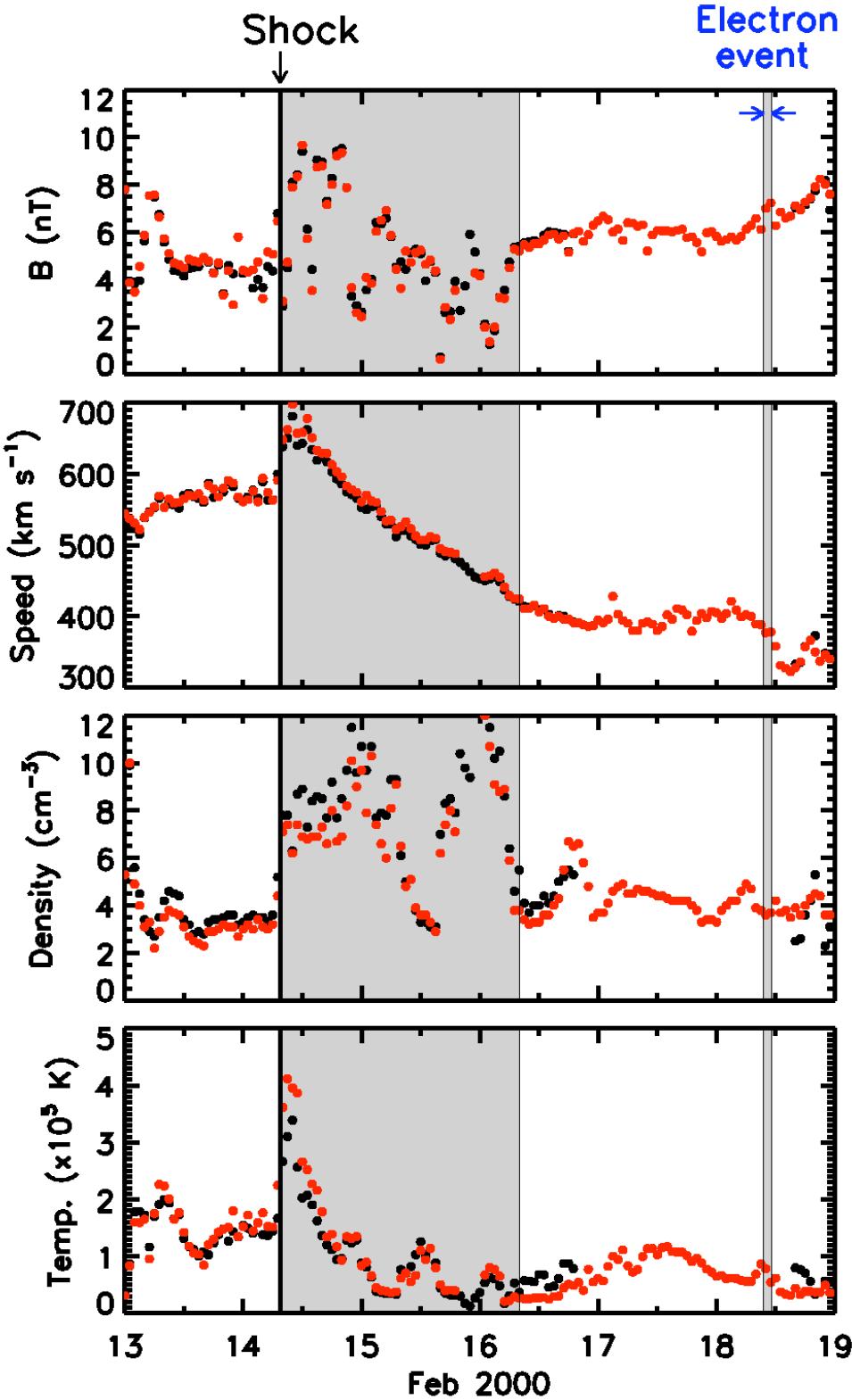
Best-fit parameters       $\lambda_1 = 1.0 \text{ AU}$

# Scenario C



Best-fit parameters

$$\lambda_1 = 3.2 \text{ AU}; \lambda_2 = 0.2 \text{ AU}; r_{\text{bs}} = 1.2 \text{ AU}$$



Cane & Richardson (2003):

- IP shock on Feb 14 at 07:31 UT
- ICME from Feb 14/12:00 UT to Feb 16/08:00 UT
- Boundaries “ill-defined”
- At  $380 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ , the trailing edge of the ICME would have been convected to a radial distance of about 0.4 AU beyond 1 AU.